









CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF ADULTS AND OLDER PEOPLE RECEIVING CARE AT HOME OR HOUSING SUPPORT





THE RIGHT TO CHOICE

All individuals have the right to make and be supported to make their own decisions. These choices shouldn't be restricted by disproportionate rules and regulations. Individuals have the right to exercise personal preference and to be as involved as they like with decisions about their care and support. It's also important that family members, if desired by the individual are consulted when decisions are being made.

"I want the staff to help me to do things the way I like it them be done."

STEPHEN

Receives Housing support, 2016

"My carer didn't turn up one morning to help me get to my hospital appointment.

I had to get into a taxi in my pyjamas. I was embarrassed but the worst part was that I never got an apology.

I changed providers after that."

JOHN

RECEIVES CARE AT HOME, 2016

THE RIGHT TO BE TREATED WITH DIGNITY AND RESPECT

All individuals have the right to be treated with dignity, respect, civilit and courtesy. Care should be provided which supports and promote and does not undermine a person's self-respect. To treat someone with dignity is to treat them as being of worth and to care for them in a way that respects them as individuals. Care staff should be polite, considerate courteous and respectful at all times

"My carers make me feel important. They are there for me, they know about my condition and where it hurts. They care for me in the same way they would care for a family member or a friend."

KATHLEEN

Receives Care at Home, 2016

THE RIGHT TO QUALITY CARE

All individuals have the right to be supported and cared for by skilled valued, informed, and compassionate staff. Staff who are given enough time to get to know each individual and their families, to listen to them and to fully respond to their needs. Care and support is personable and dynamic in that it's able to respond to changes in individual need and aspirations.

THE RIGHT TO BE HEARD

All individuals and their families have the right to voice any suggestions or concerns, no matter how small, about their care and support and to be heard. This is often done via focus groups or meetings but it is important that there are also systems in place for anonymous suggestions and complaints to be made. These suggestions must then be taken seriously and addressed, for many people this is the difference between being listened to and being heard.

"For me, good care is when staff take the time to listen to you and don't make you feel as if they are in a rush to leave."

SARAH

Receives Care at Home, 2016

THE RIGHT TO FEEL SAFE, COMFORTABLE AND RELAXED WHEN RECEIVING CARE

All individuals have the right to be cared for in a way that makes them feel safe, comfortable and as relaxed as possible. The person receiving support must be at ease with the staff member delivering their care. This should be considered when assigning staff and continuity should be a priority. In a situation where care is going to be delivered by a member of staff unknown to the individual or their family, they should be informed in advance. All individuals have the right to be free from harm and staff have a duty to ensure that the environment is safe and secure. This includes making sure that staff members are hygienic and in full health before delivering care.

"My mum has fantastic carers, two come during the week and another at the weekend. She gets on well with them. One Saturday, a new carer turned up out of the blue, it was a male and mum wasn't comfortable so we asked him to leave. Fortunately, that was a one off."

ANGELA

Family member receives Care at Home, 2016

"We are kept up to date with everything. We are provided with a rota at the start of the month which tells us who is coming each day and when."

CALLUM

Family member receives Care at Home, 2016

THE RIGHT TO BE INCLUDED AND INFORMED

active role in decisions about their care and support. If decision are made out with their involvement then they have the right to and should be provided with this information in an accessible format and at a suitable time.

THE RIGHT TO RESPECT FOR PRIVATE AND FAMILY LIFE

All individuals have the right to respect for their private and family life No person, regardless of their living arrangements should be subject to interference with his or her family, home or correspondence. Personal care should be delivered in a private and confidential manner, respectful of dignity and individual, cultural needs.

"We live in a small town and we like to keep our family matters private. Katie is brilliant, she knows that I'm a private person and always draws the curtains. I trust her to keep what goes on in my house between us."

SHONA

Receives Care at Home, 2016

THE RIGHT TO RESPECT FOR THEIR PROPERTY

All individuals and their families have the right to respect for their property. This includes, their land, house and possessions. Individuals need to feel that they and their possessions are safe. Employers must have safeguarding measures in place to ensure that all staff are trustworthy and reliable. Policies, procedures and training should be there to ensure that property is respected.

"With our new provider, the carers all change into indoor shoes when they arrive. It seems like a small gesture but it shows respect for our house."

ANNA

Family member receives
Care at Home. 2016

"I was interested in volunteering and my Care Provider got me the contacts and supported me to do so. I now help to grow vegetables which are then used by a soup kitchen where I also volunteer. This is a big part of who I am."

DARREN

Receives Housing Support, 2016

THE RIGHT TO ACHIEVE THEIR FULL POTENTIAL

All individuals have the right to live their life to the fullest; to maintain their independence; exercise personal autonomy and choice; to be able to set individual goals and be supported in achieving these.

THE RIGHT TO INDIVIDUALITY AND NON-DISCRIMINATION

Everyone has the right to be treated as an individual, in a way hat respects them for who they are. There should be no, one size fits all' approach to care. Staff should be trained to ecognise the uniqueness of each person and what differentiates hem from others. Individual characteristics of gender, race and ethnicity, disability, sexual orientation and religion and belief should be respected and supported. Everyone has the right not to be treated with discrimination.

"When I go to the doctor surgery, I feel like a number on a list. When my carers come, I feel like a person again. Everybody's different."

SARAH

Receives Care at Home, 2016



